

DYNAGRO

SEED



FEATURES

- Tetraploid variety with excellent seedling vigour
- · High potential winter and total yields
- High ME for potentially greater conversion to meat and milk
- Excellent rust resistance

MATURITY

· Late maturity, + 12 days relative to Nui

AREAS OF ADAPTION

- High rainfall or irrigated pasture areas
- Ideally suited to over-sowing sub-tropical pastures in NSW and QLD
- Suited to irrigation in all states
- Suitable for long growing season dryland areas

COMPARABLE VARIETIES INCLUDE:

Feast II, Nourish, Aston, Thumpa, Amass

SOWING RATES

Over-sowing kikuyu:

35-50kg/Ha

• >850mm or irrigation:

35-50kg/Ha

• 700-850mm:

25-35kg/Ha

• 500-700mm:

20-30kg/Ha

 Over-drilling perennial pastures 20kg/Ha

SOIL TYPES

- Pepper is suited to most soil types.
- Being a tetraploid it will generally handle soils that become waterlogged better than diploid varieties.

FERTILITY

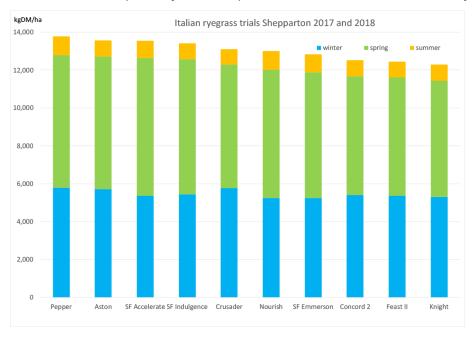
- Pepper is ideally suited to higher fertility soils that can enable it to achieve its high yield potential.
- These should have Colwell soil Phosphorous levels in excess of 30ppm.
- It is recommended to sow it with a starter fertiliser such as DAP or MAP at around 100kg/ha.
- To maximise winter production additional Nitrogen should be top-dressed early whilst soil moisture is good and temperatures are still warm to ensure good response rates.
- This will require a minimum 10mm rainfall post application to get best results.
- If locking up for silage or hay, ensure adequate N:P:K:S fertiliser is applied to balance nutrient removed from fodder.



Ryegrass

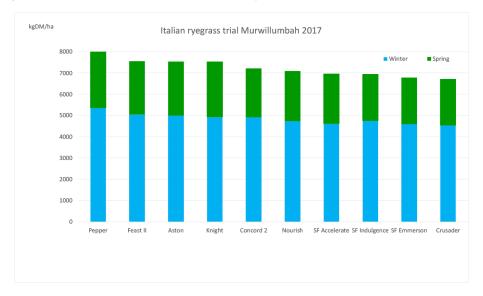
Forage production - southern zone (Shepparton 2017 and 2018)

This is a summary of 2 trials sown at Shepparton in 2017 and 2018, where diploids were sown at 20kg/ha and tetraploids sown at 28kg/ha. The trials were sown and managed by Eurofins. The trials were irrigated but completed by end November and end December respectively. Summer production is a mean of December only.



Forage production - northern zone (Murwillumbah 2017)

This trial was sown May 1 with diploids sown at 25kg/Ha and tetraploids sown at 35kg/Ha. The trial was sown into a sub-tropical pasture with a kikuyu base as is standard practice in the coastal region north from Nowra. The trial finished in late spring as measurements ceased once the kikuyu took over.



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